Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**:

The following listing of claims replaces all prior listings, and all prior versions, of

claims in the application.

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:** 

1. (Original) A luminescence system, wherein a first chemical substance

changes into a second chemical substance having a chemical structure that is different

from that of the first chemical substance and thereby luminesces.

2. (Original) The luminescence system according to Claim 1, wherein the

second chemical substance turns back into the first chemical substance after

luminescence.

3. (Original) A method of luminescence of a chemical substance, the

method comprising injecting an electric charge into a first chemical substance so as to

form an oxidized form or a reduced form of a second chemical substance having a

chemical structure that is different from that of the first chemical substance, and further

injecting an electric charge that is opposite to the above electric charge so as to form an

excited state of the second chemical substance to thereby make it luminesce.

4. (Original) The method of luminescence according to Claim 3, wherein the

second chemical substance turns back into the first chemical substance after

luminescence.

2

Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

5. (Original) A chemical substance for luminescence, wherein a first

chemical substance changes into a second chemical substance having a chemical

structure that is different from that of the first chemical substance and thereby

luminesces.

6. (Original) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5,

wherein the second chemical substance turns back into the first chemical substance

after luminescence.

7. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according

to-either Claim 5-or-6, wherein the second chemical substance is formed via a bond

formation reaction from the first chemical substance.

8. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according

to-either Claim 5-or-6, wherein the second chemical substance is formed via a bond

cleavage reaction from the first chemical substance.

9. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according

to Claim 7 any one of Claims 5 or 7, wherein the second chemical substance turns back

into the first chemical substance via a bond cleavage reaction.

3

Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

10. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 8 any one of Claims 5, 6, or 8, wherein the second chemical substance turns back into the first chemical substance via a bond formation reaction.

- 11. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 10, wherein the second chemical substance is an open-shell species having monoradical or biradical.
- 12. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 11, wherein the ground-state multiplicity of the second chemical substance is a triplet.
- 13. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 12, wherein it is represented by Formula (1) below [Chem. 1]

$$R_1$$
 $R_2$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_4$ 

(in the formula, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group, alkoxy group, or alkylthio group having 1 to 22 carbons; an aryl group

Docket No. 1204.46308X00 Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, an aryloxy group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryloxy group having 2 to 30 carbons, an arylthio group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroarylthio group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons,  $R_1$  to  $R_6$  may be identical to or different from each other; and, furthermore,  $R_1$  to  $R_6$  may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $-R_7$ ,  $-OR_8$ ,  $-SR_9$ ,  $-OCOR_{10}$ ,  $-COOR_{11}$ ,  $-SiR_{12}R_{13}R_{14}$ , and  $-NR_{15}R_{16}$  (here,  $R_7$  to  $R_{16}$  denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group having 1 to 22 carbons, or a halogen-substituted alkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen atom; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, or a halogen-substituted aryl group, halogen-substituted heteroaryl group, or halogen-substituted aralkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen atom, and  $R_7$  to  $R_{16}$  may be identical to or different from each other)).

14. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 12, wherein it is represented by Formula (4) below [Chem. 2]

(4)

Docket No. 1204.46308X00 Serial No. NEW June 22, 2006

(in the formula, R<sub>17</sub> to R<sub>26</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group, alkoxy group, or alkylthio group having 1 to 22 carbons; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, an aryloxy group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryloxy group having 2 to 30 carbons, an arylthio group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroarylthio group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons,  $R_{17}$  to  $R_{26}$  may be identical to or different from each other; and, furthermore, R<sub>17</sub> to R<sub>26</sub> may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of -R<sub>27</sub>, -OR<sub>28</sub>, -SR<sub>29</sub>, -OCOR<sub>30</sub>, -COOR<sub>31</sub>, -SiR<sub>32</sub>R<sub>33</sub>R<sub>34</sub>, and -NR<sub>35</sub>R<sub>36</sub> (here, R<sub>27</sub> to R<sub>36</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group having 1 to 22 carbons, or a halogensubstituted alkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen atom; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, or a halogensubstituted aryl group, halogen-substituted heteroaryl group, or halogen-substituted aralkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen atom, and  $R_{27}$  to  $R_{36}$  may be identical to or different from each other)).

15. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 12, wherein it is represented by Formula (7) below [Chem. 3]

Docket No. 1204.46308X00 Serial No. NEW June 22, 2006

$$R_{37} \xrightarrow{R_{39} R_{40}} R_{38}$$
 $(X)_m$ 
 $R_{41} R_{42}$ 
 $(7)$ 

(in the formula, R<sub>37</sub> to R<sub>42</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group, alkoxy group, or alkylthio group having 1 to 22 carbons; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, an aryloxy group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryloxy group having 2 to 30 carbons, an arylthio group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroarylthio group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, R<sub>37</sub> to R<sub>42</sub> may be identical to or different from each other; furthermore, R<sub>37</sub> to R<sub>42</sub> may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of -R<sub>43</sub>, -OR<sub>44</sub>, -SR<sub>45</sub>, -OCOR<sub>46</sub>, -COOR<sub>47</sub>, -SiR<sub>48</sub>R<sub>49</sub>R<sub>50</sub>, and -NR<sub>51</sub>R<sub>52</sub> (here, R<sub>43</sub> to R<sub>52</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group; a straightchain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group having 1 to 22 carbons, or a halogen-substituted alkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen atom; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, or a halogen-substituted aryl group, halogen-substituted heteroaryl group, or halogen-substituted aralkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen

Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

atom, and  $R_{43}$  to  $R_{52}$  may be identical to or different from each other), and m and n are integers of 1 to 3).

16. (Currently amended) The chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 12, wherein it is represented by Formula (10) below [Chem. 4]

$$R_{57}$$
  $R_{58}$   $()$   $m$   $R_{53}$   $R_{54}$   $R_{56}$   $(10)$ 

(in the formula, R<sub>53</sub> to R<sub>58</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a hydroxyl group, a mercapto group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group, alkoxy group, or alkylthio group having 1 to 22 carbons; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, an aryloxy group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryloxy group having 2 to 30 carbons, an arylthio group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroarylthio group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, R<sub>53</sub> to R<sub>58</sub> may be identical to or different from each other; furthermore, R<sub>53</sub> to R<sub>58</sub> may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of -R<sub>59</sub>, -OR<sub>60</sub>, -SR<sub>61</sub>, -OCOR<sub>62</sub>, -COOR<sub>63</sub>, -SiR<sub>64</sub>R<sub>65</sub>R<sub>66</sub>, and -NR<sub>67</sub>R<sub>68</sub> (here, R<sub>59</sub> to R<sub>68</sub> denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group; a straight-chain, cyclic, or branched alkyl group having 1 to 22 carbons, or a halogen-substituted alkyl group in which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a

Serial No. NEW

June 22, 2006

halogen atom; an aryl group having 6 to 30 carbons, a heteroaryl group having 2 to 30 carbons, or an aralkyl group having 7 to 30 carbons, or a halogen-substituted aryl

group, halogen-substituted heteroaryl group, or halogen-substituted aralkyl group in

which part or all of the hydrogen atoms of the above are substituted with a halogen

atom, and R<sub>59</sub> to R<sub>68</sub> may be identical to or different from each other), and m is an

integer of 1 to 3).

17. (Currently amended) A luminescent device comprising the chemical

substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 16.

18. (Currently amended) An electroluminescent device comprising the

chemical substance for luminescence according to Claim 5 any one of Claims 5 to 16.

19. (Currently amended) A mixture for luminescence comprising the chemical

substance for luminescence according to Claim 5any one of Claims 5 to 16, and a low

molecular weight compound and/or a high molecular weight compound.

9